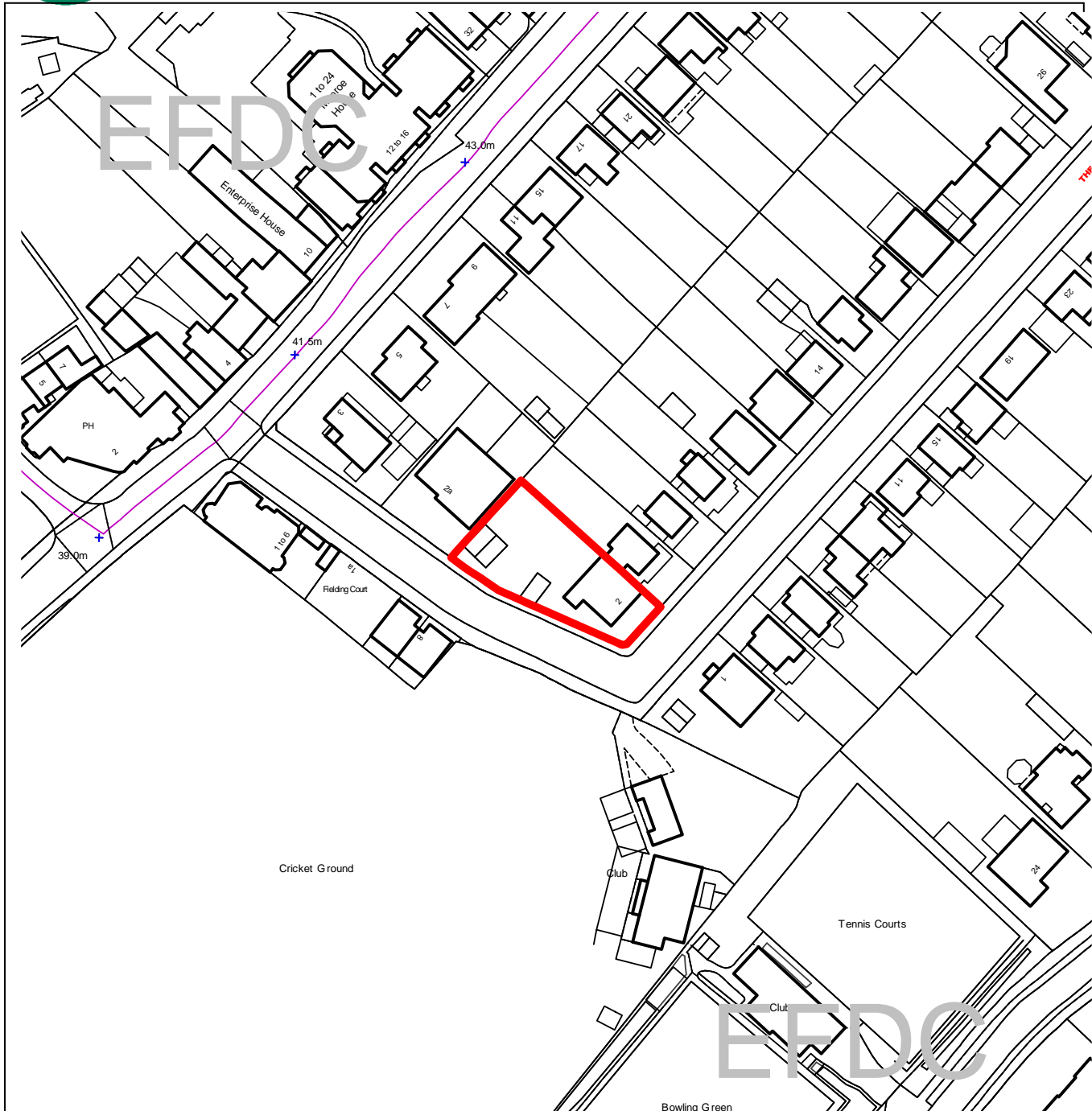




Epping Forest District Council



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Application Number:	EPF/2928/20
Site Name:	2 The Uplands Loughton, IG10 1NH
Scale of Plot:	1:1250

Report Item No: 12

APPLICATION No:	EPF/2928/20
SITE ADDRESS:	2 The Uplands Loughton IG10 1NH
PARISH:	Loughton
WARD:	Loughton St Marys
APPLICANT:	Mr Gary Stone
DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSAL:	Demolition of existing garage structure. Erection of two semi-detached 2 bedroom (3 person) dwellings to rear of retained host dwelling. **SAC CASE NOW PROGRESSING**
RECOMMENDED DECISION:	Grant Permission (Subject to Legal Agreement)

Click on the link below to view related plans and documents for this case:

http://planpub.eppingforestdc.gov.uk/NIM_websearch/ExternalEntryPoint.aspx?SEARCH_TYPE=1&DOC_CLASS_CODE=PL&FOLDER1_REF=645897

CONDITIONS

- 1 The development hereby permitted shall be begun before the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.
- 2 The development hereby permitted shall be carried out and retained strictly in accordance with the following approved plans: 668/1 Rev B, 668/2, 668/3, 668/4, and 668/5.
- 3 A) No work on any phase of the development (with the exception of demolition works where this is for the reason of making areas of the site available for site investigation), shall commence until an assessment of the risks posed by any contamination within that phase shall have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. This assessment must be undertaken by a suitably qualified contaminated land practitioner, in accordance with British Standard BS 10175: Investigation of Potentially Contaminated Sites - Code of Practice and the Environment Agency's Guidelines for the Land Contamination: Risk Management (LCRM 2020) (or equivalent if replaced), and shall assess any contamination on the site, whether or not it originates on the site. The development shall only be carried out in accordance with the approved details unless the Local Planning Authority gives its written consent to any variation. The assessment shall include: (1) A survey of the extent, scale and nature of contamination and (2) An assessment of the potential risks to: human health; property (existing or proposed) including buildings, crops, livestock, pets, woodland, service lines and pipes; adjoining land; groundwater and surface waters; ecological systems; and archaeological sites and ancient monuments.

B) If following the risk assessment unacceptable risks are identified from land affected by contamination in that phase, no work on any phase of the development shall take place, until a detailed land remediation scheme has been completed. The scheme will be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority.

The scheme shall include an appraisal of remediation options, identification of the preferred option(s), the proposed remediation objectives and remediation criteria, and a description and programme of the works to be undertaken including the verification plan. (The remediation scheme shall be sufficiently detailed and thorough to ensure that after remediation, as a minimum, land should not be capable of being determined as contaminated land under Part IIA of the Environmental Protection Act 1990). The development shall only be carried out in accordance with the approved scheme. Following the completion of the remediation works and prior to the first occupation of the development, a verification report by a suitably qualified contaminated land practitioner shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority.

- 4 Prior to preliminary ground works taking place, details of surface water disposal shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The development shall be implemented in accordance with the approved details, and shall be provided on site prior to the first occupation and shall be retained for the lifetime of the development.
- 5 Prior to any above ground works, full details of both hard and soft landscape works (including tree planting) and implementation programme (linked to the development schedule) shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. All hard and soft landscape works shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details. The works shall be carried out prior to the occupation of the building or completion of the development, whichever is the sooner. The hard landscaping details shall include, as appropriate, and in addition to details of existing features to be retained: proposed finished levels or contours; means of enclosure; car parking layouts; other minor artefacts and structures, including signs and lighting and functional services above and below ground. The details of soft landscape works shall include plans for planting or establishment by any means and full written specifications and schedules of plants, including species, plant sizes and proposed numbers /densities where appropriate. If within a period of five years from the date of the planting or establishment of any tree, or shrub or plant, that tree, shrub, or plant or any replacement is removed, uprooted or destroyed or dies or becomes seriously damaged or defective another tree or shrub, or plant of the same species and size as that originally planted shall be planted at the same place.
- 6 Prior to any above groundworks, details and location of the parking spaces (including garages) equipped with active Electric Vehicle Charging Point(s) shall have been submitted to and approved in writing with the Local Planning Authority (LPA), unless otherwise agreed in writing with the LPA. The installation of EVCP shall be completed in accordance with the approved details and made operational prior to first occupation. The details must include details as follows:
 - Location of active charging infrastructure; and
 - Specification of charging equipment to be used.
- 7 Prior to any above groundworks, a strategy to facilitate super-fast broadband for future occupants of the site shall have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority (LPA). The strategy shall seek to ensure that upon occupation of a dwelling, either a landline or ducting to facilitate the provision of a broadband service to that dwelling from a site-wide network, is in place and provided as part of the initial highway works and in the construction of frontage thresholds to dwellings that abut the highway, unless evidence is put forward and agreed in writing by the LPA that technological advances for the provision of a broadband service for the majority of potential customers will no longer necessitate below ground infrastructure. The development of the site shall be carried out in accordance with the approved strategy.

- 8 Prior to first occupation of the development, measures shall be incorporated within the development to ensure a water efficiency standard of 110 litres (or less) per person per day.
- 9 Prior to first occupation of the building/extension hereby permitted the window(s) in the rear elevation(s) at first floor level shall have been fitted with obscure glass with a minimum privacy level 3 obscurity, and no part of that/those window[s] that is less than 1.7 metres above the internal floor level of the room in which it is installed shall be capable of being opened. Once installed the obscure glass shall be retained thereafter.
- 10 Prior to first occupation of the development, a scheme to enhance the ecological value of the site shall be submitted to and agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The ecological value shall be quantified using the Biodiversity Impact Assessment Calculator (BIAC) where appropriate. The scheme shall be implemented in full prior to the occupation of the development hereby approved.
- 11 The materials to be used in the construction of the external surfaces of the development hereby permitted shall match those specified on the approved plans.
- 12 Wheel washing or other cleaning facilities for vehicles leaving the site during construction works shall be installed and utilised to clean vehicles immediately before leaving the site. Any mud or other material deposited on nearby roads as a result of the development shall be removed.
- 13 No deliveries, external running of plant and equipment or demolition and construction works, other than internal works not audible outside the site boundary, shall take place on the site other than between the hours of 07:30 to 18:00 on Monday to Friday and 08:00 to 13:00 on Saturday and not at all on Sundays, Public or Bank Holidays.
- 14 Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2015 (as amended) (or any other order revoking and re-enacting that order) no development permitted by virtue of Classes A, AA, B, D & E of Part 1 to schedule 2 shall be undertaken, without the prior written agreement of the Local Planning Authority.
- 15 Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 (or any order revoking and re-enacting that Order with or without modification), no windows [other than those expressly authorised by this permission] shall be constructed on the flank elevation(s), without the prior written agreement of the Local Planning Authority.

...and subject to the completion of a s106 Legal Agreement.

This application is before this Committee since it has been 'called in' by Councillor Judy Jennings, and since the recommendation is for approval contrary to an objection from a Local Council and at least one non-councillor resident, on planning grounds material to the application (Pursuant to The Constitution, Part 3: Scheme of Delegation to Officers from Full Council).

Site and Surroundings

The site comprises of residential garden space for 2 The Uplands, located within a built-up area of Loughton. It is not listed, nor within a conservation area, the Green Belt or a flood zone. No protected trees lie within the site.

Proposal

The proposal is for the demolition of existing garage structure, and the erection of two semi-detached 2-bedroom (3 person) dwellings to rear of retained host dwelling.

Relevant Planning History

Pre-app - EF\2020\ENQ\00219 - Development of 2 Semi-detached houses over 3 floors in rear garden of 2 The Uplands. Properties will be south west facing onto The Uplands adjacent to 2a. Off street parking to front. Rear gardens and bin store.

Development Plan Context

Local Plan & Alterations 1998 & 2006 (LP)

Section 38(6) Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 requires that planning applications should be determined in accordance with the development plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise. The Development Plan currently comprises the Epping Forest District Council Adopted Local Plan (1998) and Alterations (2006).

The following policies within the current Development Plan are considered to be of relevance to this application:

CP2	Protecting the Quality of the Rural and Built Environment
CP7	Urban Form and Quality
DBE1	Design of New Buildings
DBE8	Private Amenity Space
DBE9	Loss of Amenity
ST4	Road Safety
ST6	Vehicle Parking
LL10	Adequacy of provision for landscape retention
LL11	Landscaping schemes

National Planning Policy Framework 2021 (Framework)

The Framework is a material consideration in determining planning applications. As with its predecessor, the presumption in favour of sustainable development remains at the heart of the NPPF. Paragraph 11 of the NPPF provides that for determining planning applications this means either;

- a. approving development proposals that accord with an up-to-date development plan without delay; or
- b. where there are no relevant development plan policies, or the policies which are most important for determining the application are out-of-date, granting permission unless:
 - i. the application of policies in the NPPF that protect areas or assets of particular importance provides a clear reason for refusing the development proposed; or
 - ii. any adverse impacts of doing so would significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits, when assessed against the policies in the NPPF taken as a whole

The presumption in favour of sustainable development does not change the statutory status of the development plan as the starting point for decision making, but policies within the development plan need to be considered and applied in terms of their degree of consistency with the Framework.

In addition to paragraph 11, the following paragraphs of the NPPF are considered to be of relevance to this application:

Paragraphs 126 & 130
Paragraph 180

Epping Forest District Local Plan Submission Version 2017 (LPSV)

Although the LPSV does not currently form part of the statutory development plan for the district, on 14th December 2017 the Council resolved that the LPSV be endorsed as a material consideration to be used in the determination of planning applications.

Paragraph 48 of the NPPF provides that decision-takers may give weight to relevant policies in emerging plans according to:

- The stage of preparation of the emerging plan (the more advanced the preparation, the greater the weight that may be given);
- The extent to which there are unresolved objections to relevant policies (the less significant the unresolved objections, the greater the weight that may be given); and
- The degree of consistency of the relevant policies in the emerging plan to the policies in the NPPF (the closer the policies in the emerging plan to the policies in the NPPF, the greater the weight that may be given).

The LPSV has been submitted for Independent Examination and hearing sessions were held on various dates from February 2019 to June 2019. On the 2nd August, the appointed inspector provided her interim advice to the Council covering the substantive matters raised at the hearing and the necessary actions required of the Council to enable her to address issues of soundness with the plan without prejudice to her final conclusions.

Following the Examination Hearing Sessions for the emerging Local Plan, the Council has prepared a number of changes, known as Main Modifications, to the Epping Forest District Local Plan Submission Version (2017) to address issues of soundness and/or legal compliance identified by the Inspector. These are put forward without prejudice to the Inspector's final conclusions on the Plan.

As the preparation of the emerging Local Plan has reached a very advanced stage, subject to the Inspector's Advice regarding the need for additional Main Modifications, the **highest weight** should be afforded to LPSV policies in accordance with paragraph 48 of Framework. The following policies below are relevant to the determination of this application;

SP2	Spatial Development Strategy 2011-2033
H1	Housing Mix and Accommodation Types
T1	Sustainable Transport Choices
DM2	Epping Forest SAC and the Lee Valley SPA
DM3	Landscape Character, Ancient Landscapes and Geodiversity
DM5	Green and Blue Infrastructure
DM9	High Quality Design
DM10	Housing Design and Quality
DM15	Managing and Reducing Flood Risk
DM16	Sustainable Drainage Systems
DM19	Sustainable Water Use
DM21	Local Environmental Impacts, Pollution and Land Contamination
DM22	Air Quality

Summary of Representations

Number of neighbours Consulted: 18. 34 response(s) received
Site notice posted: Yes

MULTIPLE OBJECTIONS RECEIVED - Summarised as:

- Parking Congestion;
- Garden Grabbing;
- Insufficient garden space;
- Air Pollution;
- Overshadowing/Loss of light;
- Loss of privacy/overlooking;
- Loss of visual amenity;
- Surface water flooding;
- Loss of trees;
- Impact on EFSAC; and
- Out of character/Unsuitable Development.

LOUGHTON TOWN COUNCIL – The Committee NOTED the contents of 16 letters of objection.

A member of the public with an interest in this item addressed the meeting.

The Committee strongly OBJECTED to this application, reiterating its previous comments, which were:

“The Committee OBJECTED to this application on the grounds that this was an overdevelopment of the site, garden grabbing. It would be out of keeping with the street scene of mainly detached houses on large plots.

The development of a large part of the garden would affect the amenity of the host property with an outlook onto a 2-storey blank wall. It would also reduce the size of the amenity space of the host property that would be out of proportion to the size of the house.

The proposal would have a detrimental effect on the amenity of residents in neighbouring properties, particularly at 4 The Uplands and those in Uplands Court. It would also exacerbate the existing parking problems experienced by residents in this part of The Uplands, with the proposal resulting in the loss of existing on street parking.

All the mature trees and planting that existed at this property have been removed by the new owner. This has negatively impacted the visual amenity of neighbouring properties and ruined the street scene. Furthermore, it has resulted in multiple habitats for insects, birds and wildlife being destroyed. Set so close to the forest, this green corner used to shelter wildlife. Now it is all barren.”

Members added that they were appalled by the destruction of the whole garden at this property in order to facilitate this proposal. Further, they expressed strong concerns that the proposal would cause/exacerbate flooding. This follows recent occasions of flooding in this location and commencing at the rear of the host dwelling.

Natural England and Loughton Town Council have both advised in their main modifications responses to the Inspector (autumn 2021) that the LPSV cannot yet be considered justified, effective or consistent with national policy in relation to detriment to the SAC. Therefore, we object to this application because of the extra burden on recreational pressure, and damage to air quality in the SAC that the application, alone or with other projects, will engender.

Members drew the Planning Officer's attention to the submitted comments of the Conservators of Epping Forest which are highly critical regarding the effect this proposal would have on the SAC.

Planning Considerations

The main issues for consideration in this case are:

- a) The impact on the character and appearance of the locality;
- b) Highway safety and parking provision;
- c) The impact to the living conditions of neighbours;
- d) Standard of Accommodation for future occupiers;
- e) Trees and landscaping; and
- f) The impact on the Epping Forest Special Area of Conservation.

Character and Appearance

The locality has a mix of building typologies, that have simple architectural designs. The proposed dwellings would be of a size, scale and design that would have a neutral impact to the street scene and wider area. There is sufficient spacing around the buildings, so it would not amount to harmful overdevelopment of the site. It would also follow the building pattern of the neighbouring buildings and front a street, so it would not amount to back land development.

Highway safety and Parking Provision

The Highways officer has raised no objections and there is sufficient space to park multiple cars on the site. The host house would have space to park a couple cars on the existing driveway, so the loss of the garage is acceptable.

Living Conditions of Neighbouring Properties

Members will note that the first-floor rear windows, are secondary windows and to be of obscured glass, and that there are no flank windows proposed. Thus, the proposal would have no material impact to neighbouring properties, in terms of harmful overlooking, loss of privacy.

Furthermore, given its orientation facing southwest, its limited scale and the visual gap of approx. 1m from the common boundaries, there would be no material loss of light or overshadowing to neighbouring properties, nor would there be any material overbearing or visual impact.

Standard of Accommodation

The proposed development would have sufficient internal and external amenity space for future occupiers of the proposed dwelling. Too add, there would be ample garden space retained for the host house.

Trees and Landscaping

It is noted that that previous trees on the site have been removed, however, in the interest of clarity, they were not afforded any legal protection. Nonetheless, the Councils Tree Officer has raised no objections to the proposal, subject to the imposition of conditions as part of the consent.

Epping Forest SAC (EFSAC)

A significant proportion of the Epping Forest Special Area of Conservation (the EFSAC) lies within the Epping Forest District Council administrative area. The Council has a duty under the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 (as amended) (the Habitats Regulations)

to assess whether the development would have an adverse effect on the integrity of the EFSAC. In doing so the assessment is required to be undertaken having considered the development proposal both alone and in combination with other Plans and Projects, including with development proposed within the Epping Forest Local Plan Submission Version (LPSV).

The Council published a Habitats Regulations Assessment in January 2019 (the HRA 2019) to support the examination of the LPSV. The screening stage of the HRA 2019 concluded that there are two Pathways of Impact whereby development within Epping Forest District is likely to result in significant effects on the EFSAC. The Pathways of Impact are effects of urbanisation with a particular focus on disturbance from recreational activities arising from new residents (residential development only) and atmospheric pollution as a result of increased traffic using roads through the EFSAC (all development). Whilst it is noted that the independent Inspector appointed to examine the LPSV, in her letter dated 2 August 2019, raised some concerns regarding the robustness of elements of the methodology underpinning the appropriate assessment of the LPSV, no issues were identified in relating to the screening of the LPSV or the Pathways of Impact identified. Consequently, the Council, as Competent Authority under the Habitats Regulations, is satisfied that the Pathways of Impact to be assessed in relation to this application pertinent to the likely significant effects of development on the EFSAC alone and in-combination with other plans and projects are:

- 1) Recreation activities arising from new residents (recreational pressures); and
- 2) Atmospheric pollution as a result of increased traffic using roads through the EFSAC.

Stage 1: Screening Assessment

This application has been screened in relation to both the recreational pressures and atmospheric Pathways of Impact and concludes as follows:

- 1) The site lies within the Zone of Influence as identified in the Interim Approach to Managing Recreational Pressure on the Epping Forest Special Area of Conservation' (the Interim Approach) adopted by the Council on 18 October 2018 as a material consideration in the determination of planning applications. In addition, the site lies within the parish of Loughton. Consequently, the development would result in a likely significant effect on the integrity of the EFSAC as a result of recreational pressures.
- 2) The development has the potential to result in a net increase in traffic using roads through the EFSAC.

Consequently, the application proposal would result in a likely significant effect on the integrity of the EFSAC in relation to both the recreational pressures and atmospheric pollution Pathways of Impact.

Having undertaken this first stage screening assessment and reached this conclusion there is a requirement to undertake an 'Appropriate Assessment' of the application proposal in relation to both recreational pressures and atmospheric pollution.

Stage 2: 'Appropriate Assessment'

Recreational Pressures

The application proposal has the potential to increase recreational pressures on the EFSAC. However, the Council, through the development of the Interim Approach and identification of Infrastructure Enhancement Projects in the Council's Green Infrastructure Strategy, has provided a strategic, district wide approach to mitigating recreational pressures on the EFSAC through the securing of financial contributions for access management schemes, monitoring proposals and Infrastructure Enhancement Projects specifically related to development within the parishes of

Loughton, Buckhurst Hill and Theydon Bois. Consequently, this application can be assessed within the context of the Interim Approach and the Green Infrastructure Strategy. In doing so the Council has sought to take a proportionate approach to the securing of such financial contributions, and currently only seeks these from proposals for new homes within 3km of the EFSAC, as is the case with this planning application. The applicant has agreed to make a financial contribution in accordance with the Interim Approach and the Green Infrastructure Strategy. Consequently, the Council is satisfied that the application proposal would not have an adverse effect on the integrity of the EFSAC subject to the satisfactory completion of a Section 106 planning obligation.

Atmospheric Pollution

The application proposal has the potential to result in a net increase in traffic using roads through the EFSAC. However, the Council, through the development of an Interim Air Pollution Mitigation Strategy (IAPMS), has provided a strategic, district wide approach to mitigating air quality impacts on the EFSAC through the imposition of planning conditions and securing of financial contributions for the implementation of strategic mitigation measures and monitoring activities. Consequently, this application can be assessed within the context of the IAPMS. The applicant has agreed to make a financial contribution in accordance with the IAPMS. In addition, the application will be subject to planning conditions to secure measures as identified in the IAPMS. Consequently, the Council is satisfied that the application proposal would not have an adverse impact on the integrity of the EFSAC subject to the satisfactory completion of a Section 106 planning obligation and the imposition of relevant planning conditions.

Other Considerations

The concerns raised regarding surface water flooding are noted; however, this is a matter that is normally dealt with post application. Members will note that the Drainage officer has raised no objections subject to the imposition of conditions as part of the consent.

Conclusion

For the reasons set out above, having regard to all the matters raised, it is recommended that conditional planning permission be granted subject to a s106 Legal agreement to secure contributions towards the EFSAC including monitoring fees.

Should you wish to discuss the contents of this report item please use the following contact details by 2pm on the day of the meeting at the latest:

Planning Application Case Officer: Muhammad Rahman on 01992 564415 or if no direct contact can be made please email: contactplanning@eppingforestdc.gov.uk