## THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE MODEL

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## WHAT IS INTELLIGENCE?

Intelligence is information concerning:

n Peoplen Incidentsn Events

Which is subject to a system of processing.

#### HOW IS INTELLIGENCE USED?

Intelligence is used to:n Predict the future,

which

Allows personnel to be deployed to the best effect.





## THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE MODEL

Is a model for all areas of policing that ensures information is:-

Fully researched
 Developed
 Analysed

Providing intelligence which enables senior managers to :-

## THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE MODEL

n Provide strategic direction

n Make tactical resourcing decisions

n Manage risk

## THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE MODEL

n The NIM was placed at the centre of the police reform agenda by the government.

- It should have been adopted by all forces to commonly accepted standards by April 2004.
- n Arrangements for implementation of the NIM should be set out in local policing plans.

## THE NIM CAN BE APPLIED TO

 Crime at all levels
 Non crime including antisocial behaviour and community cohesion
 Offenders
 Reassurance agendas, including working with partners

## WHAT DOES THE NIM DO?

- n Provides greater consistency of policing across the UK
- n Allows operational strategies to focus on key priorities
- Allows more officers to focus on solving priority problems and targeting the most active offenders
- Achieves greater compliance with Human Rights legislation and RIPA
- n Informs management of risk
- Provides informed business planning and a greater link to operational issues
- n Improves direction and briefing of patrols
- Reduces rates of persistent offenders through targeting the most prolific
- n Improves integration with partner agencies

## NIM-LEVELS OF CRIMINALITY

n LEVEL 1

Local/Basic Command Unit (BCU)

Criminals that commit crime in one area. They rarely cross divisional boundaries.

## NIM-LEVELS OF CRIMINALITY

n LEVEL 2

n Force and/or regional

Cross border criminals who commit crime across different divisions or force areas

## NIM-LEVELS OF CRIMINALITY

n LEVEL 3

# Serious and organised crime that is usually national or international

## Control Strategy

 Strategic Intelligence Assessment (every 6 months)
 Determine priority issues
 Develop Force Control Strategy
 Disseminate control strategy to BCU
 Ensure resources are directed in line with control strategy via T&CG

## Intelligence products

- Strategic Assessment looks at the 'big picture' attempts to predict
- n Tactical Assessment BCU using intelligence assets recommends tactical activity in relation to intelligence, prevention & enforcement
- Problem Profile identifies scale of problem recommends tactics (Crime Pattern Analysis)
- Target Profile concentrates on offenders/suspects identifies weaknesses – recommends tactical action

#### Tasking & Co-ordinating process

n Level 1

- n Each BCU has meeting every two weeks
- Identify and concentrate resources on trends and offenders
   FIO packages presented for tasking
   NB Can be emergency tasked by DI Intel.

#### Tasking & Co-ordinating process

n Level 2 n Force Tasking n Every two weeks n BCU bid for central resources e.g Essex Crime Squad, FSU n Bids presented as packages normally supported by Command Team member

#### Tasking & Co-ordinating process

n Level 3

National / International
 NCIS
 NCS/SOCA
 Security Services

## Audit Commission May 2006

- n CDRP's to pool information and adopt principles of NIM
- n Frontline workers well placed to identify issues of concern in community
- Precise real time combined intelligence important to respond to local issues
- n Performance monitoring at neighbourhood level

## Local partnerships (CDRP)

 Collect , analyse and understand intelligence using NIM
 Deploy resources cost-effectively responding to local concerns
 Inform public of actions
 Evaluate and assess interventions used to determine value for money

## Local government

- Ensure data held on ASB is reliable, up to date, easily accessible to partners & conforms to National Standards for Incident Recording
- Make better use of frontline workers intelligence gathering
- n Ensure swift action taken on identified problems
- n Enable effective communication between frontline workers and public
- In Use enhanced scrutiny powers to support improved performance in CDRP's

### Central government

n Ensure police maintain focus on neighbourhood solutions n Review performance framework ensuring focus on improved neighbourhood services n Reassurance public CDRP partners are working together effectively to deliver shared outcomes

## Intelligence Recording

Police intelligence has scientific value
 5X5X5
 Evaluate source
 Evaluate Intelligence
 Evaluate handling and dissemination of intelligence

## Source Evaluation

n A = always reliable
n B = mostly reliable
n C = sometimes reliable
n D = unreliable
n E = untested

## Intelligence evaluation

- n 1 = known to be true without any reservation
- n 2 = Information known personally to the source but not known personally to reporting officer
- n 3 = Information not known personally to the source but is corroborated by other information already recorded
- n 4 = The information is not known personally to the source and cannot be corroborated in any other way

n 5 = Suspected to be false or malicious

## Handling Codes

- n 1 = permits dissemination to other law enforcement and prosecuting agencies. Applies to LEA operating within the EEA (European Economic Area). Also to LEA's outside EEA where adequate safeguards exist (human rights)
- 2 = permits dissemination to non-prosecuting parties in UK (e.g. credit card companies and commercial organisations)
- n 3 = permits dissemination to non-EEA LEA's. (must be substantial public interest and after additional risk assessment)
- n 4 = permits dissemination within originating organisation only
- n 5 = no further dissemination: refer to originator (special handling requirements, public interest immunity may apply)

## National Intelligence Model

#### A presentation by

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